Financial Highlights

the 6-month period ended September 30, 2013 (Fiscal 2013)



October 28, 2013

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FY2013 First Half (April–September) Business Performance Topics



■ Demand trends

Automotive sector: Domestic production was on an upswing and demand increased overseas outside of Europe, including North America and Asia as well. Electronics sector: Robust demand for smartphones and tablets has continued.

Infrastructure sector: Demand remained positive overseas and public and private sector facilities investments showed steady increases in Japan as well.

- Sales: ¥350.5 billion (at 128% compared to the 1st half of FY2012, and at 134% compared to the 2nd half of FY2012)

 Operating income: ¥23.1 billion (up ¥6.1 billion compared to the 1st half of FY2012, and up ¥19 billion compared to the 2nd half of FY2012)
- High-grade metal products and materials: Income and profits increased compared to both the same period (the 1st half of FY2012) the previous year and the preceding term (the 2nd half of FY2012) as the weaker yen led to better export conditions, demand for environmentally-friendly products rose, and benefits were obtained from expanded operations.
- Magnetic materials and applications: Automotive and solar power sector demand remained positive, but the lingering effects of the Q1 drop in raw
 materials prices meant that profits fell compared to the same period the year before, although they were substantially better than in the preceding
 term.
- High-grade functional components and equipment: Bolstered by automotive sector demand in Japan and overseas, as well as public and private sector capital expenditures, income and profits rose compared to both the same period the previous year and the preceding term.
- Wires, cables, and related products: Demand related to public works spending and the automotive, construction, and communications sectors remained positive and improved substantially in terms of profits profitability thanks to the positive results of restructuring.

Note: Overseas sales: ¥153.4 billion (accounting for 43.8% of sales)

North America: ¥42.9 billion (12.2% of total); Asia: ¥83.4 billion (23.8%); Europe: ¥21.7 billion (6.2%); other: ¥5.4 billion (1.6%)

■ Full-year performance outlook

Sales ¥790 billion, operating income ¥56 billion, net income ¥35.5 billion

Explanatory note: If Hitachi Cable's FY2013 Q1 performance were taken into account, FY2013 sales would be ¥878.3 billion and operating income would be ¥59.2 billion.

- The full-year performance forecast announced on July 26 has been revised upward.
- The full quantitative benefits of the merger should manifest themselves ahead of schedule from FY2014, and efforts related to that are ongoing.

Consolidated Financial Highlights



(Unit: ¥ billion; []: year-on-year)

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	FY2012 (Actual)					FY2013						
					Post-merger figures							
	1Q	2Q	1H	3Q	4Q	2H	Full Year	1Q Actual	2Q Actual	1H Actual	2H Forecast	Full Year Forecast
Net sales	141.1	133.3	274.4	130.9	130.5	261.4	535.8	135.4	215.1	350.5	439.5	790.0
								Former Hitachi Cable 88.3	the former Hitach			ng in 1Q results of Cable, the full year ¥878.3 billion.
Operating income	10.3	6.7	17.0	0.4	3.7	4.1	21.1	8.7	14.4	23.1	32.9	56.0
								Former Hitachi Cable 3.2	Note: After factor the former Hitach results would be			ng in 1Q results of Cable, the full year ¥59.2 billion.
Income before income taxes	11.7	6.0	17.7	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.5)	17.2	7.5	10.5	18.0	31.0	49.0
Net income	7.3	3.6	10.9	(0.7)	2.8	2.1	13.0	3.7	5.9	9.6	25.9	35.5
ROE (%)	13.1	6.5	9.8	(1.2)	4.5	1.7	5.5	5.9	8.3	6.7	15.4	11.9
Capital investment	6.7	6.8	13.5	5.1	8.1	13.2	26.7	5.1	9.5	14.6	25.4	40.0
Depreciation and amortization	5.7	5.9	11.6	6.1	6.5	12.6	24.2	6.3	8.9	15.1	18.9	34.0
R&D expenses	2.8	2.7	5.5	2.8	2.8	5.6	11.1	2.7	4.6	7.3	9.7	17.0

Sales Volume and Operating Income by Segment: High-Grade Metal Products and Materials



Sales: ¥117 billion

At 104% compared to the 1st half of FY2012 and at 106% compared to the 2nd half of FY2012

Operating income: ¥12.3 billion

Up ¥4.1 billion compared to the 1st half of FY2012, and up ¥2.8 billion compared to the 2nd half of FY2012

Income and profits increased compared to both the same period (the 1st half of FY2012) the previous year and the preceding term (the 2nd half of FY2012) as the weaker yen led to better export conditions, demand for environmentally-friendly products rose, and benefits were obtained from expanded operations.

Specialty steel

Molds and tool steel

This product segment decreased compared to the same period the previous year despite an upswing in overseas demand and a shift to recovery mode in domestic demand in the latter half of the term as car production rebounded.

Electronics

Demand for display materials for small and mid-sized models remained positive and rebounded for semiconductor and other package materials.

Industrial equipment and energy sector

Demand for environmentally friendly automotive products stayed firm and expanded for aerospace materials in energy sector products.

■Rolls

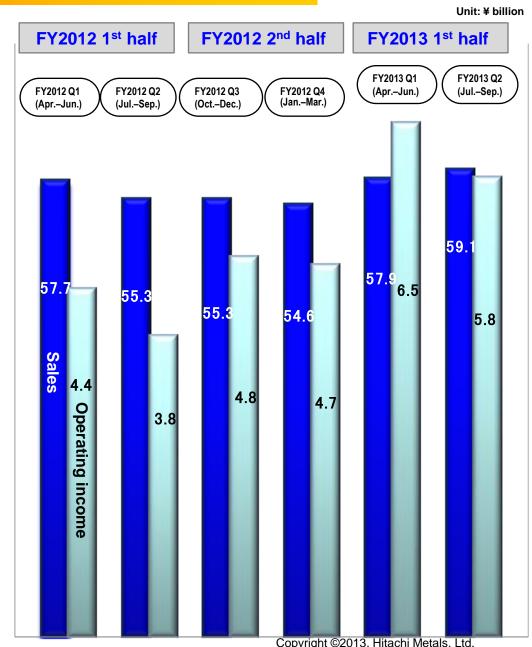
- Demand rose for all types of rolls overseas while gearing down in the domestic
- Demand for injection molding machine components rose slightly as both domestic and overseas markets rebounded.

■Amorphous metals

Demand flourished and rose in China, a leading market, thanks to the government's policies to promote adoption of energy-conserving equipment.

Cutting tools

Although domestic demand for industrial machinery and other equipment had yet to recover, it continued firm and rose overseas against the backdrop of improving conditions for exports.



Sales Volume and Operating Income by Segment: Magnetic Materials and Applications



Sales: ¥64.5 billion

At 83% compared to the 1st half of FY2012 and at 101% compared to the 2nd half of

FY2012

Operating income: ¥3.8 billion

Down ¥3.1 billion compared to the 1st half of FY2012, and up ¥11.6 billion compared to the 2nd half of FY2012

Automotive and solar power sector demand remained positive, but the lingering effects of the Q1 drop in raw materials prices meant that profits fell compared to the same period the year before (the 1st half of FY2012), although they were substantially better than in the preceding term (the 2nd half of FY2012).

■Magnets

Rare earth magnets

Although there was an uptick in demand for electronics components used for hybrid vehicles and domestic cars and a recovery in FA-related demand, the hard disk drive market slump continued and the additional impact of falling raw materials prices resulted in a decline compared to the same period the previous year.

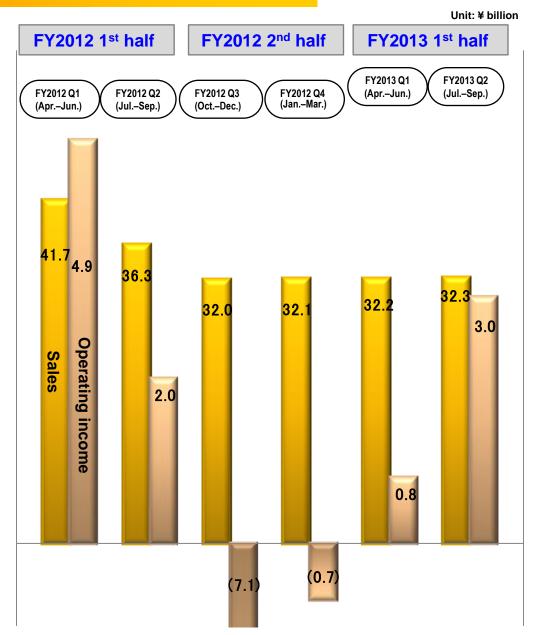
Ferrite magnets

Demand for automotive electronics parts and appliance components both in Japan and overseas remained favorable and even increased.

■Soft magnetic materials and applications

Demand for soft ferrite for solar power generator parts and automotive electronics components remained positive, and European demand for FINEMET for solar power generator parts in the first half of the term also continued firm for an overall increase.

Note: This business segment's name was changed from the previous electronics and IT devices to magnetic materials and applications from the first quarter. This had no effect on business performance.



Sales Volume and Operating Income by Segment: High-Grade Functional Components and Equipment



Unit: ¥ billion

Sales: ¥91.1 billion

At 109% compared to the 1st half of FY2012 and at 103% compared to the 2nd half of FY2012

Operating income: ¥6 billion

Up ¥1.5 billion compared to the 1st half of FY2012, and up ¥0.3 billion compared to the 2nd half of FY2012

Bolstered by automotive sector demand in Japan and overseas, as well as public and private sector capital expenditures, income and profits rose compared to both the same period the previous year (the 1st half of FY2012) and the preceding term (the 2nd half of FY2012).

■ Automotive castings

- Heat-resistant cast components
- Despite the continuing effects of the economic slowdown in major European markets, demand remained positive in connection with moves to make smaller car engines in the United States and Japan.
- High-grade ductile cast-iron products Rose overall as overseas passenger vehicle demand continued to remain vigorous in the United States and elsewhere, as well as in Japan, where demand was mainly for commercial vehicles.
- Aluminum wheels

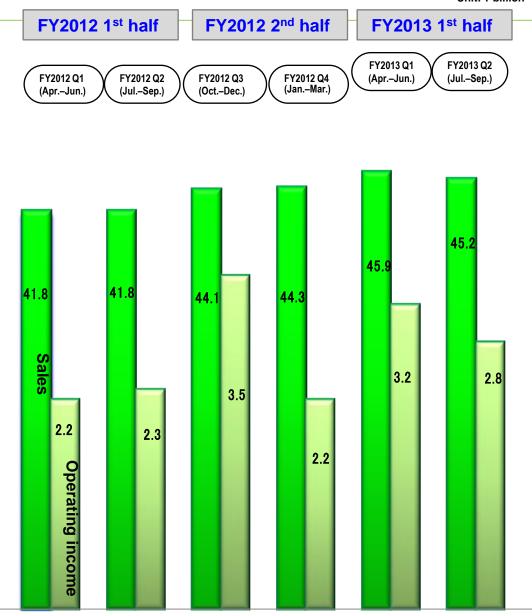
Fell below projections in both the United States and Japan, declining slightly compared to the same period the previous year.

■Piping and components

- Pipe fittings
- Along with the rebound in housing starts in Japan, the steady recovery in the American housing market yielded an increase.
- Stainless steel and plastic pipe and fixtures Positive demand continued thanks to the high ratings received for easy-to-install, earthquake-resistant products for gas-related applications.

■Construction materials

Sustained by domestic private-sector capital expenditures and public works spending, demand for construction of steel frame structures remained strong.



Sales Volume and Operating Income by Segment: Wires, Cables, and Related Products



Sales: ¥79.2 billion (Q2 only)

Explanatory note: If the former Hitachi Cable's ¥88.3 billion in FY2013 Q1 sales were taken into account, the 1st half of FY2013 total would be ¥167.5 billion.

Operating income: ¥4.4 billion (Q2 only)

Explanatory note: If the former Hitachi Cable's ¥3.2 billion in FY2013 Q1 operating income were taken into account, the 1st half of FY2013 total would be ¥7.6 billion.

Demand related to public works spending and the automotive, construction and communications sectors remained positive, and profitability improved substantially thanks to the positive results of restructuring.

■Electrical wire and cables

Along with demand related to public works spending and new rail construction projects, electrical power and industrial systems also continued to be buoyed by demand for the construction of facilities for solar power generation and other purposes. Demand for electronics and communications products—primarily for semiconductor manufacturing equipment—remained positive. Despite sluggish demand for magnet wire, demand for electronic devices related to photovoltaic cells remained positive.

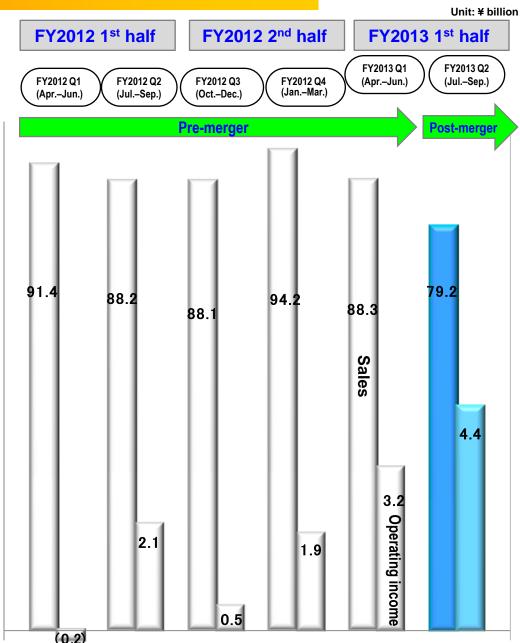
■Automotive components

Demand continued to be brisk, primarily for products in the core electrical components sector, and product launches for new vehicle models also contributed to growth.

■IT devices

IT devices continued to do well thenks to increased sales of network equipment in connection with carriers' expenditures to augment their networks due to the widespread adoption of smartphones.

Note: This is a new business segment, created as a result of the July 1, 2013 merger with Hitachi Cable, Ltd. This segment's results are reflected in the Hitachi Metals Group's consolidated accounting period for the second quarter of this fiscal year.



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Forecasts for Fiscal 2013



Net Sales: ¥790.0 billion Operating Income: ¥56.0 billion

The Company set up the Cable Materials Company in connection with a merger with Hitachi Cable, Ltd., as of July 1, 2013. The Company will reflect operating results from that company in the Cables and Related Products segment from the second quarter of FY2013.

Note: If Hitachi Cable's first-quarter sales of ¥88.3 billion and operating income of ¥3.2 billion were included, net sales for the first quarter of FY2013 would be ¥878.3 billion, while operating income would be ¥59.2 billion.

■ High-Grade Metal Products and Materials

Net Sales: ¥240.0billion (up 8% from FY2012)

Operating Income: ¥27.0 billion (up ¥9.3 billion from FY2012)

■ Magnetic Materials and Applications

Net Sales: ¥132.5 billion (down 7% from FY2012)

Operating Income: ¥12.0 billion (up ¥12.9 billion from FY2012)

■ High-Grade Functional Components and Equipment

Net Sales: ¥187.0 billion (up 9% from FY2012)

Operating Income: ¥14.0 billion (up ¥3.8 billion from FY2012)

■ Wire, Cable and Related Products

Net Sales: ¥234.0 billion

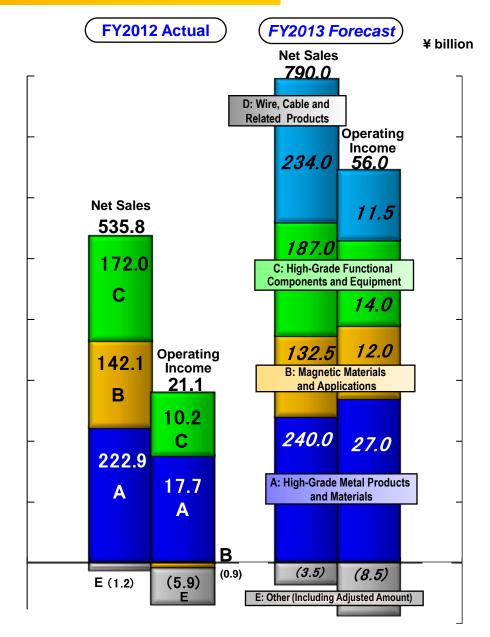
Note: Factoring in first-quarter results, segment sales for fiscal 2013 would be

¥322.3 billion, down 11% from FY2012.

Operating Income: ¥11.5 billion

Note: Factoring in first-quarter results, segment operating income for FY2013

would be ¥14.7 billion, up ¥10.4 billion from FY2012.



Sales Volume and Operating Income by Segment



(¥billion)

		FY2012 Performance based on simple totaling of Hitachi Metals and Hitachi Cable
Lligh grade metal	Sales	222.9
High-grade metal products and materials	Operating income	17.7
materials	Operating margin	7.9%
	Sales	142.1
Magnetic materials and applications	Operating income	(0.9)
	Operating margin	(0.6%)
High-grade	Sales	172.0
High-grade functional components and	Operating income	10.2
equipment	Operating margin	5.9%
	Sales	362.0
Wires, cables, and related products	Operating income	4.3
	Operating margin	1.2%
Other, adjusted	Sales	(1.2)
figures	Operating income	(5.9)
	Sales	897.8
Total	Operating income	25.4
	Operating margin	2.8%

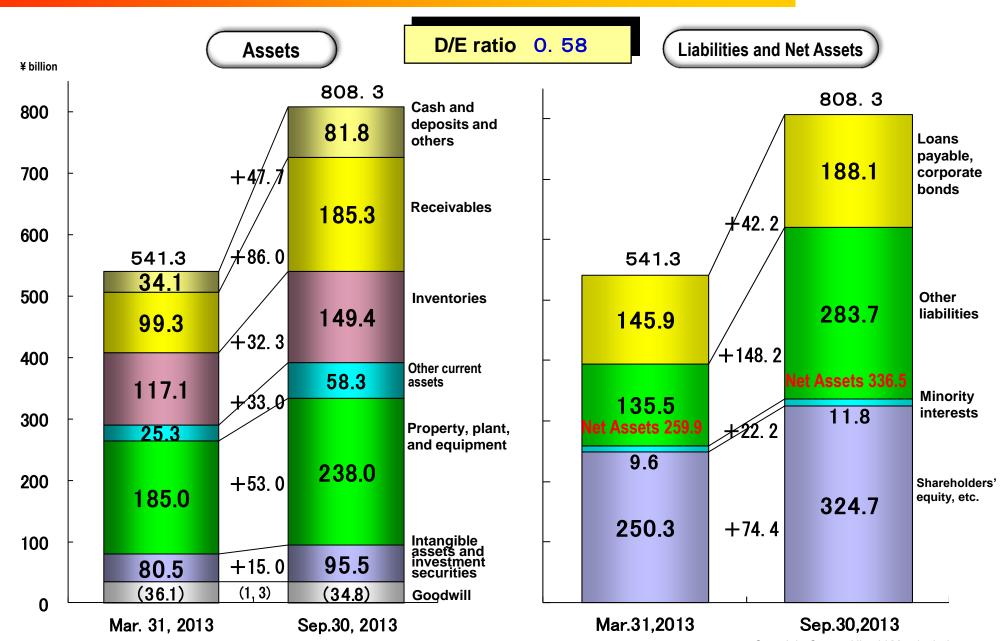
FY2013 Forecast *announced July 26, 2013
243.5
26.5
10.9%
130.0
12.0
9.2%
187.0
14.5
7.8%
222.0
8.5
3.8%
(2.5)
(8.5)
780.0
53.0
6.8%

FY2013 Forecast	
*announced October 28, 2013	
240.0	
27.0	
11.3%	
132.5	
12.0	
9.1%	
187.0	
14.0	
7.5%	
234.0	
11.5	
4.9%	
(3.5)	
(8.5)	
790.0	
56.0	
7.1%	

	(+51111011)
(Reference) FY2013 Forecast after adding Hitachi Cable's FY2013 Q1 results	(Reference) FY2015 Targets hypothetical ¥90=\$1 exchange rate
240.0	262.0
27.0	31.5
11.3%	12.0%
132.5	139.0
12.0	16.0
9.1%	11.5%
187.0	202.0
14.0	18.5
7.5%	9.2%
322.3	305.0
14.7	15.5
4.6%	5.1%
(3.5)	(28.0)
(8.5)	(6.5)
878.3	880.0
59.2	75.0
6.7%	8.5%

Consolidated Balance Sheets





Consolidated Cash Flows



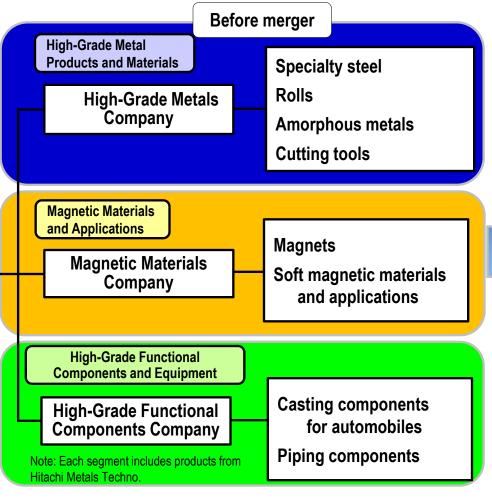
(¥ billion)

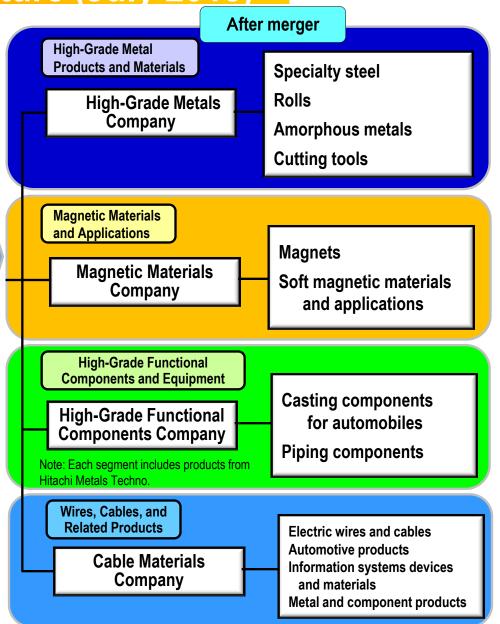
ltem	2Q FY2012	2Q FY2013
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	28.0	34.1
Income before income taxes and minority interests	17.7	18.0
Depreciation and amortization	11.6	15.1
Decrease (increase) in inventories	11.5	5.4
Other	(4.3)	13.9
Cash flows from operating activities	36.5	52.4
Capital investment*	(16.6)	(14.8)
Other	0.8	1.1
Free cash flow	20.7	38.7
Decrease (increase) in borrowings and bonds	(20.9)	(8.0)
Dividend payments, etc.	(3.3)	(3.8)
Net cash flow	(3.5)	26.9
Effect of exchange rate changes, etc.	(1.2)	20.8
Net increase (decrease)	(4.7)	47.7
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	23.3	81.8

^{*}On an accrual basis (i.e., expenditures are recognized upon receipt and inspection of items)

Hitachi Metals' Corporate Structure (July 2013)







Reference: Descriptions of Hitachi Metals' Business by Segment (July 2013)



Business Segment

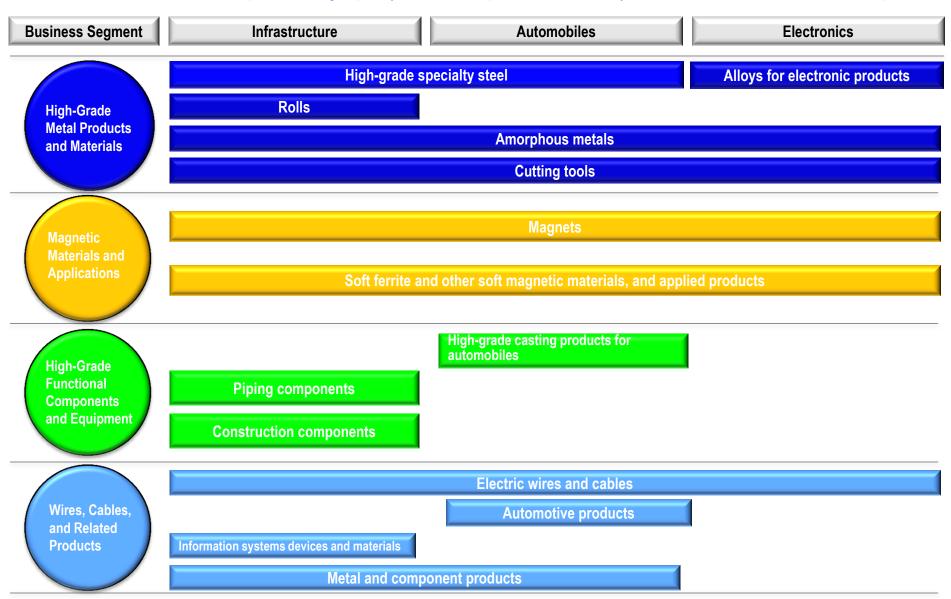
Principal Products

_	Dusiness deginent								
		High-Grade Metals	Specialty Steel	YSS™ brand high-grade specialty steel products (molds and tool steel, alloys for electronic products [display-related materials and semiconductor and other package materials], industrial equipment and energy-related materials, and razor and blade materials)					
	High-Grade Metal Products	e Meta	Rolls	Rolls for steel mills, injection molding machine parts, structural ceramic products, steel-frame joints for construction					
		ls Company	Amorphous Metals	Metglas®amorphous metals					
		pany	Hitachi Tool Engineering, Ltd.	Cutting tools					
	Magnetic Materials and Applications	Magne	etic Materials Company	Magnets (NEOMAX® rare-earth magnets; ferrite magnets; and other magnets and applied products), soft magnetic materials (soft ferrite; FINEMET® nanocrystalline magnetic material; and Metglas® amorphous metals) and applied products, components for information and telecommunication equipment, IT materials and components, materials and components for medical equipment					
	High-Grade Functional	High-Grade Functional Components Company	Casting Components for Automobiles	High-grade casting components for automobiles (HERCUNITE® heat-resistant exhaust casting components and HNM TM high-grade ductile cast iron products), SCUBA TM aluminum wheels and other aluminum components, forged components for automobiles					
	Components and Equipment	unctional Company	Piping Components	Piping and infrastructure components (& Gourd brand pipe fittings, stainless steel and plastic piping components, water cooling equipment, precision mass flow control devices, and sealed expansion tanks)					
		Hitach	i Metals Techno, Ltd.	Construction components (floor access systems, structural systems, and roofing systems), chain (for material handling systems)					
	Wires, Cables, and Related Products	Cable	Materials Company	Electric power and industrial wires and cables; electronic wires, cables, and wiring devices; fiber optic and telecommunication cables; magnet wires; and industrial rubber products; electronic components and brake hoses for automobiles; information networks, wireless systems, compound semiconductor products, and other information systems devices and materials; brass and other metal products					

Materials Mag!c

Hitachi Metals' Corporate Structure by Market Sector

A materials manufacturer that provides high quality in a broad spectrum of industry sectors based on materials development



This document contains forward-looking statements, such as results forecasts and management plans, which are not historical facts. All such forward-looking statements were based upon all available information and upon assumptions and projections that were deemed rational at the time the Company prepared this document. Changes to the underlying assumptions or circumstances could cause actual results to differ substantially. Factors for causing such differences include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Changes in economic conditions and regulations in main markets where the Company operates, particularly Japan, the United States, Asia and Europe
- Sudden changes in technological trends
- Changes in competitive advantage and the capabilities of the Company and its subsidiaries and affiliates to develop and commercialize new products and businesses
- Fluctuation in status and conditions of product markets, exchange rates or international commodity markets
- Changes in financing environments
- Capability of the Company and its subsidiaries and affiliates to cope with fluctuations in product supply and demand, status and conditions of product markets, exchange rates or international commodity markets
- Protection of the Company's intellectual property, and securing of licenses to use intellectual property of other parties
- Changes in status of alliances with other parties for product development, etc.
- Fluctuation of Japanese stock markets